# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

SDS Revision Date: 12/16/2022 Product ID: GMS1107A

Product ID: GMS1107A 0018 G S Industrial Supply

GMS Industrial Supply, Inc. 212 Denn Lane, Virginia Beach, VA 23462 (855) GRN-OGER • www.GreenOger.com

24 Hour Emergency Telephone: (800) 424-9300 CHEMTREC

# SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND MANUFACTURER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: Date Printed: 3/30/23

Product Name: DON'T GLARE Supersedes Date: Dec 21, 2021

Revision Date: Dec 16, 2022

Version: 5.0

Distributor's Name: GMS INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY, INC.

Address: 212 DENN LANE - VIRGINIA BEACH, VA 23462

Emergency Phone: 1-800-424-9300 CHEMTREC

Information Phone Number: (757) 473-1467

Fax: (757) 337-3734

Product/Recommended Uses: Glass cleaner

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## Classification

Gases Under Pressure Liquefied Gas

# **Pictograms**



## **Signal Word**

Warning

## **Hazardous Statements - Physical**

H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

### **Precautionary Statements - General**

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 - Keep out of reach of children.

P103 - Read label before use.

# **Precautionary Statements - Prevention**

No precautionary statement available.

## **Precautionary Statements - Response**

No precautionary statement available.

## **Precautionary Statements - Storage**

P410 + P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

# **Precautionary Statements - Disposal**

No precautionary statement available.

## **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
68476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	2% - 10%
64-17-5	Ethyl alcohol	1% - 5%
111-76-2	Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether	1% - 5%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

## **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### Inhalation

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing has stopped, trained personnel should begin rescue breathing or, if the heart has stopped, immediately start cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) or automated external defibrillation (AED). If you feel unwell/lf concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

### **Eye Contact**

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### **Skin Contact**

Wipe off with a towel. Wash with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation persists.

## Ingestion

Ingestion is not a likely route of exposure. Get medical attention if you feel unwell.

### Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

### Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

No data available.

## **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Foam, alcohol foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water fog.

## **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Water may be ineffective but can be used to cool containers exposed to heat or flame.

#### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

Closed containers may explode from internal pressure build-up when exposed to extreme heat and discharge contents. Liquid content of container will support combustion. Overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be readily apparent. Obtain medical attention. Hazardous decomposition products include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other toxic fumes.

### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Water may be used to cool containers to prevent pressure build-up and explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

## **Special Protective Actions**

Wear goggles and use a self-contained breathing apparatus. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferred.

# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

### **Emergency Procedure**

Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate area. Remove all sources of ignition.

# **Recommended Equipment**

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Use of gloves approved from relevant standards that meet or are equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.132.

### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapors. Ventilate area.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely.

### Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

### **General**

Do not puncture or incinerate (burn) cans. Do not stick pins, nails, or any other sharp objects into opening on top of can. Do not spray in eyes. Do not take internally.

# **Ventilation Requirements**

Use in a well-ventilated place.

### **Storage Room Requirements**

Store and use in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area. Do not store above 120°F. See product label for additional information.

## **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **Eye protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields. Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### **Skin Protection**

Use solvent-resistant protective gloves for prolonged or repeated contact.

## **Respiratory protection**

Avoid breathing vapors. In restricted areas, use approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particles and vapor. In confined areas, use an approved air line respirator or hood. A self-contained breathing apparatus is required for vapor concentrations above PEL/TLV limits.

## **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Ventilation should be sufficient to prevent inhalation of any vapors.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH TWA (ppm)
ETHYL ALCOHOL	1900	1000				1		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL	240	50			1	1		20
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	2000	500				1		

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH TLV Basis	ACGIH Notations	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
ETHYL ALCOHOL			1000	А3	URT irr	А3	1900	1000
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER				А3	Eye & URT irr	A3; BEI	24	5
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened								

Chemical Name	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	NIOSH Carcinogen
ETHYL ALCOHOL			

ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER		
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened		

A3 - Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans, A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen, BEI - Substances for which there is a Biological Exposure Index or Indices, dam - Damage, irr - Irritation, URT - Upper respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## **Physical and Chemical Properties**

 Density
 7.96 lb/gal

 Density VOC
 0.796 lb/gal

 % VOC
 10.0%

Appearance Clear liquid Odor Threshold N.A. Odor Description N.A. рΗ 10 Water Solubility Soluble Flammability Will not burn Vapor Pressure N/A Flash Point >200 °F Viscosity N.A. Lower Explosion Level N.A. Upper Explosion Level N.A. Melting Point N.A. Vapor Density N.A. Freezing Point N.A. Low Boiling Point N.A. High Boiling Point N.A. Decomposition Pt N.A. Auto Ignition Temp N.A. **Evaporation Rate** Slower than ether

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### **Stability**

The product is stable under normal storage conditions.

# **Conditions To Avoid**

High temperatures.

## **Incompatible Materials**

No data available.

## **Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization**

None known.

## **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

Hazardous decomposition products may include carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and other toxic fumes.

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Skin Corrosion/Irritation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Serious Eye Damage/Irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Reproductive Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **Aspiration Hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Acute Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Likely Routes of Exposure**

Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact, Eye contact

## **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

### **Toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Persistence and Degradability**

64-17-5 ETHYL ALCOHOL

Readily biodegradable. Half-life in air = 38 h

111-76-2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER

Readily biodegradable

### **Bioaccumulative Potential**

Substance has a low potential for bioaccumulation (log Kow3),

## **Mobility in Soil**

No data available.

# Other Adverse Effects

No data available.

### Results of the PBT and vPvB assessment

The substance is not PBT / vPvB.

## **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

## **Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the user of the product, to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state, and local laws.

Empty containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

## **SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	U.S. DOT Information	IMDG Information	IATA Information
UN number:	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
Proper shipping name:	Aerosols (LTD QTY)	Aerosols (LTD QTY)	Aerosols, non-flammable (LTD QTY)
Hazard class:	2.2	2.2	2.2
Packaging group:	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

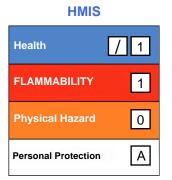
# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

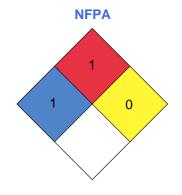
CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
68476-86-8	Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	2% - 10%	SARA312, TSCA, OSHA
64-17-5	ETHYL ALCOHOL	1% - 5%	SARA312, VOC,TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
111-76-2	ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	1% - 5%	SARA313, CERCLA, SARA312, VOC, TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
110-91-8	MORPHOLINE	0% - 1%	SARA312, VOC,TSCA, ACGIH, OSHA
68585-34-2	(C10-C16) ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE, SULFATED, SODIUM SALT	0% - 1%	SARA312, TSCA

# **SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.





(\*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

Version 5.0:

Revision Date: Dec 16, 2022

## **DISCLAIMER**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.